FORM 10-Q

#### UNITED STATES

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

[X]QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

[ ]TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

For Quarterly period ended June 30, 1995

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THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The transition period from to

Commission file number 1-7677

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter

State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

Identification No.

16 South Pennsylvania, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73107

Address of principal executive offices (Zip Code)

(405) 235-4546

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

None

Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's voting Common Stock, as of August 8, 1995 is 12,946,097 shares excluding 1,810,419 shares held as treasury stock.

#### PART I

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Company or group of companies for which report is filed: LSB Industries, Inc. and all of its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of LSB Industries, Inc. at June 30, 1995, the condensed consolidated statements of income for the six month and three month periods ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the six month periods ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 have been subjected to a review, in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, whose report with respect thereto appears elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. The financial statements mentioned above are unaudited and reflect all adjustments, consisting primarily of adjustments

of a normal recurring nature, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim periods. The results of operations for the six months and three months ended June 30, 1995 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 1994, was derived from audited financial statements as of that date.

## LSB INDUSTRIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Information at June 30, 1995 is unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

ASSETS	June 30, 1995	December 31, 1994
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$ 1,940 54,658	\$ 2,610 42,720
Inventories: Finished goods Work in process Raw materials	34,801 9,871 17,019	33,926 9,796 15,611
Total inventory	61,691	59,333
Supplies and prepaid items	7,061	6,386
Total current assets	125,350	111,049
Property, plant and equipment net	79,566	73,684
Investments and other assets:		
Loans receivable, secured by real estate	16,901	17,243
Other assets, net of allowance	19,913	19,305
	\$ 241,730 ======	\$ 221,281 ======

(Continued on following page)

# LSB INDUSTRIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued) (Information at June 30, 1995 is unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

LIABILITIES, PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCKS AND OTHER STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	June 30, 1995	December 31 1994
Current liabilities: Drafts payable Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 914 28,500 8,870 14,669	29, 496
Total current liabilities	52,953	48,565
Long-term debt	98,211	81,965
Contingencies (Note 7)		
Redeemable, noncumulative convertible preferred stock, \$100 par value; 1,588 shares issued and outstanding (1,597 in 1994)	151	152

Non-redeemable preferred stock, common stock and other stockholders' equity (Note 6): Series B 12% cumulative, convertible preferred stock, \$100 par value;

20,000 shares issued and outstanding Series 2 \$3.25 convertible, exchangeable Class C preferred stock, \$50 stated	2,000	2,000
value; 920,000 shares issued and outstanding Common stock, \$.10 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized, 14,751,516 shares	46,000	46,000
issued (14,620,156 in 1994)	1,475	1,462
Capital in excess of par value	37,551	37,369
Retained earnings	13,825	12,883
	100,851	99,714
Less treasury stock, at cost:		
Series 2 Preferred, 5,000 shares Common stock, 1,810,419 shares	200	200
(1,559,590 in 1994)	10,236	8,915
Total non-redeemable preferred stock, common		
stock and other stockholders' equity	90,415	90,599
	\$ 241,730 ======	\$ 221,281 ======

(See accompanying notes)

## LSB INDUSTRIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)
Six Months Ended June 30, 1995 and 1994
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	1995	1994
Revenues:		
Net sales	\$ 144,160	\$ 132,265
Other income	1,703	1,831
Costs and expenses:	145,863	134,096
Cost of sales	111,130	102,677
Selling, general and administrative	26,551	22,596
Interest  Provision for environmental matter (Note 7)	5,020	3, 393 400
Provision for environmental matter (Note 7)		
		129,066
Income from continuing operations		
before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes	3,162 211	5,030 355
Provision for income taxes	211	355
Income from continuing operations	2,951	4,675
Income from discontinued operations, net		
of income taxes (Notes 2 and 3)	-	584
Gain on sale of discontinued operations (Note 2)		24 200
(Note 2)		24,200
Net income	\$ 2,951	
Net income applicable to common stock (Note 4)	\$ 1,328	
Average common shares outstanding (Note 4):	=======	=======
Primary	13,518,077	
Fully diluted	13,537,230	17,035,037
Earnings per common share (Note 4):		
Primary:		
Income from: Continuing operations	\$ .10	¢ 21
Continuing operations	φ .10	\$ .21
Discontinued operations	-	1.72
Not income		
Net income	\$ .10	\$ 1.93
Fully diluted:		
Income from:		
Continuing operations	\$ .10	\$ .21
Discontinued operations	-	1.48
Net income	\$ .10	\$ 1.69

#### (See accompanying notes)

## LSB INDUSTRIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

		1995		1994
Revenues: Net sales Other income	\$	78,891 1,041	\$	68,414 1,330
	•			69,744
Costs and expenses: Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative Interest Provision for environmental matter (Note 7)		62,003 13,682 2,632		53,184 11,428 1,712 400
Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes		78,317  1,615 112		66,724  3,020 203
Income from continuing operations				2,817
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Notes 2 and 3) Gain on sale of discontinued operations (Note 2)		-		238 24,200
Net income		1,503	-	
Net income applicable to common stock (Note 4)	\$	699	\$	26,447
Average common shares outstanding (Note 4): Primary Fully diluted	13,	483,898	14	
Earnings per common share (Note 4): Primary: Income from:				
Continuing operations		. 05		
Discontinued operations		-		1.70
Net income	\$	.05	\$	1.84
Fully diluted: Income from: Continuing operations	\$	. 05	\$	.14
Discontinued operations		-		1.30
Net income	\$	. 05	\$	1.44

(See accompanying notes)

	1995	1994
Cash flows from continuing operations: Income from continuing operations Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to cash flows	\$ 2,951 \$	4,675

<pre>provided (used) by continuing operations:    Depreciation, depletion and amortization:    Property, plant and equipment    Other</pre>	3,497 503	3,332 489
Provision for possible losses: Trade accounts receivable Environmental matter	417 -	519 400
Gain on sale of assets Cash provided (used) by changes in assets and liabilities:	(111)	(519)
Trade accounts receivable	(13,496)	
Inventories	(1,341)	1,261
Supplies and prepaid items	(653)	(1,384)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	(910) 885	7,862 209
Accided Itabilities	000	209
Net cash provided (used) by		
continuing operations	(8,258)	8,656
Cash flows from investing activities of continuing operations:		
Capital expenditures	(9,088)	(7,993)
Purchase of loans receivable	-	(2,930)
Principal payments on notes receivable Proceeds from sales of equipment and	342	-
real estate properties	536	1,331
Increase in other assets	(1,633)	(2,009)
Net cash used by investing activities of continuing operations	(9,843)	(11,601)

(Continued on following page)

# LSB INDUSTRIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) (Unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 (Dollars in thousands)

	1995	1994
Cash flows from financing activities of continuing operations:  Payments on long-term and other debt Long-term and other borrowings  Net change in revolving debt facilities  Net change in drafts payable	\$ (7,867) 15,880 12,930 (377)	45, 465
Dividends paid (Note 6): Preferred stocks Common stock Purchases of treasury stock (Note 6) Net proceeds from issuance of	(1,619) (389)	(1,631) (414) (1,697)
common stock (Note 6) Net decrease in receivables sold to discontinued operations	194	(31,844)
Net cash provided by financing activities from continuing operations	17,431	7,427
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations	(670)	4,482
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations	-	(1,675)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from all activities	(670)	2,807
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,610	2,781
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,940 ======	\$ 5,588

Note 1: The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of LSB Industries, Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries. The Company s financial services subsidiary, Equity Bank for Savings, F.A. (Equity Bank) was sold on May 25, 1994. The condensed consolidated statement of income for the six month and three month periods ended June 30, 1994 present the operation of Equity Bank as income from discontinued operations. The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 1994 has been restated for changes in balance sheet classification adopted at December 31, 1994, as a result of reclassification due to discontinued operations of the Company's financial services business.

Note 2: On May 25, 1994, pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of February 9, 1994, (the" Acquisition Agreement"), the Company sold its whollyowned subsidiary, Equity Bank, which constituted the Financial Services Business of the Company, to Fourth Financial Corporation (the "Purchaser"). The Purchaser acquired all of the outstanding shares of capital stock of Equity Bank.

Under the Acquisition Agreement and using the proceeds from sale of Equity Bank, the Company acquired from Equity Bank, prior to closing, certain subsidiaries of Equity Bank ("Retained Corporations") that own the real and personal property and other assets contributed by the Company to Equity Bank at the time of the acquisition of the predecessor of Equity Bank by the Company for Equity Bank s carrying value of the assets contributed of approximately \$67.4 million, which approximated fair value. The carrying value of the assets in the consolidated financial statements of the Company continues to be historical cost. At the time of closing of the sale of Equity Bank, the Company also acquired: (A) the loan and mortgage on and an option to purchase Equity Tower located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma ("Equity Tower Loan"), for an amount equal to Equity Bank s carrying value of approximately \$13.9 million; (B) other real estate owned by Equity Bank that was acquired by Equity Bank through foreclosure for an amount equal to Equity Bank s carrying value of approximately \$3.6 million (the Equity Tower Loan and other real estate owned are collectively called the "Retained Assets"); and (C) certain other loans for \$3.1 million previously owned by Equity Bank. In addition, the Company acquired the outstanding accounts receivable sold to Equity Bank by the Company and its subsidiaries under various purchase agreements, dated March 8, 1988 (the " Receivables" ) for \$6.9 million, which approximated fair value.

Note 3: At June 30, 1995, the Company had net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards for tax purposes of approximately \$40 million. Such amounts expire beginning in 1999. The Company also has investment tax credit carryforwards of approximately \$630,000, which expire beginning in 1995.

The Company s provision for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 1995 of \$.2 million is for current state income taxes and federal alternative minimum tax.

Note 4: Primary earnings per common share are based upon the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during each period, after giving appropriate effect to preferred stock dividends.

Fully diluted earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding and the assumed conversion of dilutive convertible securities outstanding after appropriate adjustment for interest and related income tax effects on convertible notes payable.

Net income applicable to common stock is computed by adjusting net income by the amount of preferred stock dividends, including undeclared or unpaid dividends, if cumulative.

Note 5: In 1992, a subsidiary of the Company signed an agreement to supply a foreign customer with equipment, technology and technical assistance to manufacture certain types of automotive products. Payments scheduled under the original contract before amendment totaled \$44 million, \$17 million of which has been billed and collected by the Company as of June 30, 1995. In May 1995, the subsidiary negotiated an amendment to the agreement with the foreign customer and an agreement with a syndication of foreign lenders whereby the lenders acquired, without recourse to the Company or such subsidiary, the unpaid contract amount billable by the Company (present value of approximately \$24 million). Under the amendment with the foreign customer and the agreement with the foreign lenders, the Company received approximately \$5 million, net of fees, and a commitment from the foreign customer to provide

approximately \$21 million of bearing products. The Company is to receive such bearing products, without charge when and if the foreign customer repays its debt of approximately \$31 million which the foreign lenders acquired from the subsidiary. In addition, the subsidiary agreed to purchase approximately \$6 million of bearing products each year over the next five (5) years at predetermined prices, not in excess of market prices, subject to the customer's ability to deliver product, meeting defined quality standards, to the Company.

Note 6: The table below provides detail of activity in the Stockholders' Equity accounts for the six months ended June 30, 1995:

	Common	Stock	Non- redeemable	Capital in excess	s	Treasury	Treasur Stock	у
	Shares	Par Value	Preferred Stock	of par Value		Stock- Common	Prefer red	Total
			(In t	housands)				
Balance at December 31, 1994 Net Income Conversion of 18 shares of redeemable preferred stock	14,620	\$1,462	\$48,000	\$37,369	\$12,883 \$ 2,951	s(8,915) s	\$(200)	\$90,599 2,951
to common stock Exercise of stock options	1 131	13		1 181				1 194
Dividends declared: Common Stock (\$.03 per share) Series B 12% preferred					(386)			(386)
stock (\$6.00 per share) Redeemable preferred					(120)			(120)
stock (\$10.00 per share) Series 2 preferred					(16)			(16)
stock (\$1.62 per share)					(1,487)			(1,487)
Purchase of treasury stock						(1,321)		(1,321)
Balance at June 30, 1995	(1) 14,752	\$1,47	5 \$48,000	\$37,551	\$13,825	\$(10,236)	\$(200)	\$90,415

(1)
Includes 1,810,419 shares of the Company's Common Stock held in treasury.
Excluding the 1,810,419 shares held in treasury, the outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock at June 30, 1995 were 12,941,097.

#### Note 7:

Following is a summary of certain legal actions involving the Company:

- A. In 1987, the U.S. Government notified one of the Company's subsidiaries, along with numerous other companies, of potential responsibility for clean-up of a waste disposal site in Oklahoma. No legal action has yet been filed. The amount of the Company's cost associated with the clean-up of the site is unknown due to continuing changes in (i) the estimated total cost of clean-up of the site and (ii) the percentage of the total waste which was alleged to have been contributed to the site by the Company, accordingly, no provision for any liability which may result has been made in the accompanying financial statements. The subsidiary's insurance carriers have been notified of this matter; however, the amount of possible coverage, if any, is not yet determinable.
- B. As a result of a preliminary environmental assessment report prepared by the State of Arkansas, the primary manufacturing facility of the Company s Chemical Business has been placed in the Environmental Protection Agency s (EPA) tracking system of sites which are known or suspected to be a site of a release of hazardous waste (the "System"). Inclusion in the system does not represent a determination of liability or a finding that any response action is necessary. As a result of being placed in the System, the State of Arkansas performed a preliminary assessment and advised the Company that the site has had certain releases of contaminants. On July 18, 1994, the Company received a report from the State of Arkansas which contained findings of violations of certain environmental laws and requested the Company to conduct further investigations to better determine the compliance status of the Company and releases of contaminants at the site. On May 2,

1995, the Company signed a Consent Administrative Agreement (Agreement) with the State of Arkansas. The Agreement provides for the Company to remediate and close a certain landfill, monitor groundwater for certain contaminants and depending on the results of the monitoring program to submit a remediation plan, upgrade certain equipment to reduce wastewater effluent, and pay a civil penalty of \$25,000. While the Company is at this time unable to determine the ultimate cost of compliance with the Agreement, the Company has determined the subsidiary s cost to be at least \$450,000; therefore, the Company included a provision for environmental costs of \$450,000 in the 1994 results of operations, \$400,000 of which was recorded in the three months ended June 30, 1994. Based on information presently available, the Company does not believe that compliance with the Agreement, or the facility being placed in the System, should have a material adverse effect on the Company or the Company s financial condition.

The Company, including its subsidiaries, is a party to various other claims, legal actions, and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management after consultation with counsel, all claims, legal actions (including those described above) and complaints are adequately covered by insurance, or if not so covered, are without merit or are of such kind, or involve such amounts that unfavorable disposition would not have a material effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

The Company has guaranteed approximately \$2.5 million of debt of a start-up aviation company in exchange for a 20% ownership interest, to which no value has been assigned as of June 30, 1995. This debt requires interest only payments until September 1996 at which time the outstanding principal and interest are due in full. As of June 30, 1995, the aviation company was in compliance with the appropriate provisions of its debt agreement with its lender.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with a review of the Company's June 30, 1995 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### OVERVIEW

The Company is a diversified holding company which is engaged, through its subsidiaries, in the Chemical Business, the Environmental Control Business, the Automotive Products Business and the Industrial Products

Information about the Company's continuing operations in different industry segments for the six months and three months ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 is detailed below.

	Six 1995	Months 1994	Three M 1995	Months 1994
Calaa			ousands) udited)	
Sales: Chemical Environmental Control Automotive Products Industrial Products	\$ 73,938 45,197 16,441 8,584	35,250 17,600	23,575 8,562	\$ 41,771 14,998 9,036 2,609
	\$144,160	\$132,265	\$ 78,891	\$ 68,414
Gross profit:	<b>.</b>	<b>4</b> 4 <b>5</b> 4 <b>5</b>	<b>.</b>	• • • • • •
Chemical Environmental Control Automotive Products Industrial Products	\$ 14,179 13,114 3,666 2,071	8,781 4,302	\$ 7,933 \$ 6,429 1,579 947	9,087 3,394 2,290 459
	\$ 33,030	\$ 29,588	\$ 16,888	\$ 15,230
Operating profit (loss): Chemical Environmental Control Automotive Products	\$ 7,618 5,396 (818)	2,329	\$ 4,691 \$ 2,420 (866)	5,677 236 (10)

Industrial Products	(1,062	(703)	(712)	(486)
General corporate expenses Interest expense	11,134 (2,952 (5,020	, , ,	5,533 (1,286) (2,632)	5,417 (685) (1,712)
Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes	\$ 3,162 ======	\$ 5,030 =====	\$ 1,615 ======	\$ 3,020 ======

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Six months ended June 30, 1995 vs. Six months ended June 30, 1994.

#### Revenues

Total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 were \$145.9 million and \$134.1 million, respectively (an increase of \$11.8 million). Sales increased \$11.9 million.

#### Net Sales

Consolidated net sales included in total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 1995 were \$144.2 million, compared to \$132.3 million for the first six months of 1994, an increase of \$11.9 million. This increase in sales resulted principally from: (i) increased sales in the Chemical Business of \$1.2 million, primarily due to increased business volume of Total Energy Systems, the Company's subsidiary located in Australia (TES), (ii) increased sales in the Environmental Control Business of \$9.9 million primarily due to increased heat pump sales to a customer which is retrofitting certain of the air-conditioning and heating systems on a US military base, and increased fan coil sales resulting from firm market conditions in 1995, (iii) decreased sales in the Automotive Products Business of \$1.2 million due to a reduced customer base, and (iv) increased sales in the Industrial Products Business of \$1.9 million, primarily due to increased sales to a foreign customer and increases in sales of machine tools. Subsequent to realizing the sales to the customer, the Company purchased a fifty percent (50%) equity interest in the joint venture which is retrofitting certain air conditioning and heating systems on a U.S. military base as noted above in (ii). See "Potential" Business Acquisitions" of this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

#### Gross Profit

Gross profit was 22.9% for the first six months of 1995, compared to 22.4% for the first six months of 1994. The improvement in the gross profit percentage was due primarily to higher prices and improved absorption of costs due to increased production volumes in the Environmental Control Business, and higher prices in the Industrial Products Business.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses as a percent of net sales were 18.4% in the six months ended June 30, 1995 and 17.1% in the first six months of 1994. This increase in SG&A as a percent of sales was primarily due to: (i) increased expenses to expand the Industrial Products Business with a less than equivalent corresponding increase in sales , (ii) decreased sales volume in the Automotive Products Business with a less than equivalent corresponding reduction in SG&A costs, and, (iii) increased insurance costs in 1995 versus 1994. These factors were offset in part by sales increases in the Environmental Control Business with no corresponding increase in SG&A costs.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense for the Company was approximately \$5.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 1995 compared to approximately \$3.4 million

during the six months ended June 30, 1994. The increase primarily resulted from higher interest rates and higher average balances of borrowed funds.

Income Before Taxes

The Company had income from continuing operations before income taxes of \$3.2 million in the first six months of 1995 compared to \$5.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 1994. The decreased profitability of \$1.8 million was primarily due to higher SG&A costs and interest offset by improved gross profit as previously discussed.

Provision For Income Taxes

As a result of the Company's net operating loss carryforward for income tax purposes as discussed elsewhere herein and in Note 3 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company's provisions for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 1995 and the six months ended June 30, 1994 are for current state income taxes and federal alternative minimum taxes.

Income From Discontinued Operations

Income from discontinued operations reflects the results of operations of the Financial Services Business sold in May 1994. Income from discontinued operations, net of expenses, was \$.6 million in the first six months of 1994.

Three months ended June 30, 1995 vs. Three months ended June 30, 1994.

Revenues

Total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 were \$79.9 million and \$69.7 million, respectively (an increase of \$10.2 million). Sales increased \$10.5 million.

Net Sales

Consolidated net sales included in total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 1995 were \$78.9 million, compared to \$68.4 million for the second quarter of 1994, an increase of \$10.5 million. This increase in sales resulted principally from: (i) increased sales in the Chemical Business of \$.2 million, primarily due to the higher price of ammonia being partially passed through to customers in the form of price increases and increased business volume of TES, offset by decreased sales of agricultural products due to adverse weather conditions during the spring planting season in the Company's primary market areas. (ii) increased sales in the Environmental Control Business of \$8.6 million primarily due to increased heat pump sales to a customer which is retrofitting certain of the air conditioning and heating systems on a US military base, and increased fan coil sales resulting from firm market conditions for these products, (iii) decreased sales in the Automotive Products Business of \$.5 million due to a reduced customer base, and (iv) increased sales in the Industrial Products Business of \$2.2 million, primarily due to increased sales to a foreign customer. Subsequent to realizing the sales to the customer, the Company purchased a fifty percent (50%) equity interest in the joint venture which is retrofitting certain air conditioning and heating systems on a U.S. military base as noted above in (ii). See "Potential Business Acquisitions" of this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

**Gross Profit** 

Gross profit was 21.4% for the three months ended June 30, 1995, compared to 22.3% for the three months ended June 30, 1994. The decline in the gross profit percentage was due primarily to higher cost of ammonia which is the primary raw material in the Chemical Business and (ii) change in product sales mix to lower margin items in the Automotive Business, offset by (iii) higher prices and improved absorption of costs due to increased production volumes in the Environmental Control Business, and higher prices in the Industrial Products Business.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses as a percent of net sales were 17.3% in the three months ended June 30, 1995 and 16.7% in the second quarter of 1994. This increase in SG&A as a percent of sales was primarily due to: (i) increased expenses to expand the Industrial Products Business with a less than equivalent corresponding increase in sales, (ii) decreased sales volume in the Automotive Products Business with a less than equivalent corresponding reduction in SG&A costs, and (iii) increased insurance costs in 1995 versus 1994. These factors were offset in part by

sales increases in the Environmental Control Business with no corresponding increase in SG&A costs.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the Company was approximately \$2.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 1995 compared to approximately \$1.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 1994. The increase primarily resulted from higher interest rates and higher average balances of borrowed funds.

Income before Taxes

The Company had income from continuing operations before income taxes of \$1.6 million in the second quarter of 1995 compared to \$3.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 1994. The decreased profitability of \$1.4 million was primarily due to higher SG&A costs and interest expense as previously discussed.

Provision For Income Taxes

As a result of the Company's net operating loss carryforward for income tax purposes as discussed elsewhere herein and in Note 3 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company's provisions for income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 1995 and the three months ended June 30, 1994 are for current state income taxes and federal alternative minimum taxes.

Income From Discontinued Operations

Income from discontinued operations reflects the results of operations of the Financial Services Business sold in May 1994. Income from discontinued operations, net of expenses, was \$.2 million in the second quarter of 1994.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company is a diversified holding company and its liquidity is dependent, in large part, on the operations of its subsidiaries and credit agreements with lenders.

Sources of Funds - In December 1994, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries finalized a new working capital line of credit. This line of credit consolidated substantially all of the Company's working capital lines of credit into one comprehensive funding source. This working capital line of credit is evidenced by six separate loan agreements ("Agreements") with a lender ("Lender") collateralized by receivables, inventory and proprietary rights of the Company and the subsidiaries that are parties to the Agreements. The agreements provide for revolving credit facilities ("Revolver") for total direct borrowings up to \$65 million, including the issuance of letters of credit. The Revolver provides for advances at varying percentages of eligible inventory and trade receivables and bears interest at the Lender's prime lending rate plus one-half percent (.5%). The rate in effect at June 30, 1995 was 9.5%. The initial term of the Agreements is through December 31, 1997, and is renewable thereafter for successive thirteen month terms. The Lender or the Company may terminate the Agreements at the end of the initial term or at the end of any renewal term without penalty. At June 30, 1995, the available borrowings, based on eligible collateral, approximated \$62.4 million. Borrowings under the Revolver outstanding at June 30, 1995, were \$56.9 million. The Agreements require the Company to maintain certain financial ratios and contain other financial covenants, including tangible net worth requirements and capital expenditure limitations. Effective June 30, 1995, the Company renegotiated the tangible net worth covenant to reduce the requirement from \$90 million to \$82 million as a result of the Company's inability to meet the original covenant at June 30, 1995 and Managements opinion that the Company would not be able to meet the covenant requirements during the next twelve months of the term of the Agreements. Management expects that the Company will be able to meet renegotiated covenant requirements at future measurement dates. The annual interest on the outstanding debt under the Revolver at June 30, 1995 at the rate then in effect would be approximately \$5.4 million.

In addition to the Agreements discussed above, the Company has the following term loans in place:

(1) The Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, El Dorado Chemical Company and Slurry Explosive Corporation ("Chemical"), which substantially comprise the Company's Chemical Business, are parties to a loan agreement ("Loan Agreement") with two institutional lenders ("Lenders"). This Loan Agreement, as amended, provides for a seven year term loan of \$28.5 million ("Term Loan"). The balance of the Term Loan at June 30, 1995 was \$10.7 million. Annual principal payments remaining on the Term Loan are \$5.2 million in 1996 and a final payment of \$5.5 million on March 31, 1997. The Loan Agreement also provides for a revolving credit

facility which provides for a maximum available credit line of approximately \$3.7 million at June 30, 1995 all of which was borrowed at June 30, 1995. The availability under this revolving credit facility decreases by \$1.8 million annually in 1995 and 1996 with the remainder due in March 1997. Annual interest at the agreed to interest rates, if calculated on the aggregate \$14.4 million outstanding balance at June 30 1995 would be approximately \$1.8 million. The Term Loan is secured by substantially all of the assets not otherwise pledged under the Revolver previously discussed and capital stock of Chemical. The Loan Agreement requires Chemical to maintain certain financial ratios and contains other financial covenants, including tangible net worth requirements and capital expenditures limitations. As of the date of this report, Chemical is in compliance with all financial covenants. Under the terms of the Loan Agreement. Chemical cannot transfer funds to the Company in the form of cash dividends or other advances, except for (i) the amount of taxes that Chemical would be required to pay if it was not consolidated with the Company; (ii) an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of Chemical's cumulative adjusted net income as long as Chemical's Total Capitalization Ratio, as defined, is .65:1 or below.

- (2) The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, DSN Corporation ("DSN") is a party to several loan agreements with a financing company (the "Financing Company") for two (2) projects which DSN will complete during 1995. These loan agreements are for a construction loan (the "Construction Loan") which provides for \$16.5 million to be used to construct, equip, reerect, and refurbish a nitric acid plant (the "DSN Plant") being placed into service by the Chemical Business at it's El Dorado, Arkansas facility, a loan for approximately \$1.2 million to purchase additional railcars to support the DSN Plant (the Railcar Loan ), and a loan for approximately \$1.1 million to finance the construction of a mixed acid plant (the Mixed Acid Plant ) in North Carolina (the "Mixed Acid Loan"). At June 30, 1995, DSN had outstanding borrowings of \$14.6 million under the Construction Loan, \$.5 million under the Mixed Acid Loan and no outstanding borrowings under the Railcar Loan. The Construction Loan will be repaid upon the completion of construction and acceptance of the DSN Plant as capable of production, with proceeds of a permanent loan ("DSN Permanent Loan"). Completion of construction, funding of the remaining \$1.8 million and conversion to the DSN Permanent Loan are expected to occur during 1995. The DSN Permanent Loan will have a repayment schedule of eighty-four (84) equal consecutive monthly installments of principal and interest payable in arrears. The interest rate per annum will fix for the entire loan term at the rate per annum for a five year United States Treasury Security ("Treasury Rate") as determined at the close of business on the third business day prior to the making of the DSN Permanent Loan plus a specified percentage. As of August 1, 1995, the interest rate would be 8.9%. The Railcar Loan and the Mixed Acid Loan will be repaid under the same terms as the Construction Loan. Upon the earlier of completion of construction of the Mixed Acid Plant or August 1, 1995, the Mixed Acid Loan will have a repayment schedule of eighty-four (84) equal consecutive monthly installments of principal and interest, payable in arrears. The rate of interest on the Mixed Acid Loan will be determined in the same manner as the DSN Permanent Loan and the rate at August 1, 1995 would be 8.9%, also.
- (3) A subsidiary of the Company ("Borrower") entered into a loan agreement ("Agreement"), effective as of May 4, 1995, with Bank IV Oklahoma, N.A. ("Bank"). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Bank loaned \$9 million to the Borrower, evidenced by a Promissory Note ("Note"). The Note bears interest per annum at a rate equal to one percent (1%) above the prime rate in effect from day to day as published in the Wall Street Journal. The outstanding principal balance of the Note is payable in sixty (60) monthly payments of principal and interest commencing on May 31, 1995. Payment of the Note is secured by a first and priority lien and security interest in and to the Borrower's right, title, and interest in the loan receivable relating to the real property and office building known as the Bank IV Tower located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (the "Tower"), the Management Agreement relating to the Tower, and the Option to Purchase Agreement covering the real property on which the Tower is located.

Foreign Subsidiary Financing - On March 7, 1995 the Company guaranteed a revolving credit working capital facility (the "Facility") between its whollyowned Australian subsidiary Total Energy Systems, Ltd. ("TES") and Bank of New Zealand. The Facility allows for borrowings up to an aggregate of approximately \$3.7 million based on specific percentages of qualified eligible assets (\$3.2 million borrowed at June 30, 1995). Such debt is secured by substantially all the assets of TES, plus an unlimited guarantee and indemnity from the Company. The interest rate on this debt is the Bank of New Zealand Corporate Base Lending Rate plus 0.5% (approximately 9.6% at June 30, 1995). The Facility is subject to renewal at the discretion of Bank of New Zealand based upon annual review. The next annual review is due on March 31, 1996.

Cash Flows - Net cash used by operating activities of continuing operations in the first six months of 1995, after adjustment for net non-cash expenses of \$4.4 million, was \$8.3 million. This cash usage included the following changes in assets: (i) increases in accounts receivable of \$13.5 million, (ii) inventory increases of \$1.3 million, and (iii) increases in supplies and prepaid items of \$.7 million. The increase in accounts receivable was due primarily to increased sales by approximately \$25 million over the fourth quarter of 1994 in all businesses, including seasonal sales increases in the Chemical Business. The increase in inventories was due primarily to higher sales levels in all businesses; less than anticipated sales by the Chemical Business for the spring fertilizer season; and, increases in the Automotive Products Business due to purchases of new products in excess of the realized sales demand for those products. The increase in supplies and prepaid items resulted primarily from increased repair supplies in the Chemical Business. Investing activities during the first six months of 1995 included (i) capital expenditures of \$9.1 million, relating primarily to the construction of a new nitric acid production facility in the Chemical Business, (ii) principal payments received on certain loans of \$.3 million, (iii) proceeds of \$.5 million from the sale of assets, primarily real estate, and (iv) a net increase in other assets of \$1.6 million due primarily to a subsidiary's investment in an energy conservation joint venture. Cash flows provided by financing activities included net borrowings of \$20.9 million, offset by dividends paid of \$2.0 million and treasury stock purchases of \$1.3 million.

In summary, during the six months ended June 30, 1995, cash requirements for required debt service payments, dividends on Company stocks, and purchases of treasury stock approximated \$11.2 million. In addition, the Company spent approximately \$9.1 million for capital improvements, primarily in connection with the DSN Plant being constructed by the Chemical Business. The expenditures noted above, plus the cash used by operations of \$8.3 million, resulted in a borrowing requirement of approximately \$12.9 million against the Company's revolving credit facilities in addition to other borrowings of \$15.9 million discussed elsewhere in this report.

Future cash requirements include working capital requirements for anticipated sales increases in all businesses, and funding for future capital expenditures, primarily in the Chemical Business and the Environmental Control Business. Funding for the higher accounts receivable resulting from anticipated sales increases will be provided by the revolving credit facilities previously discussed. Inventory requirements for the higher anticipated sales activity should be met by scheduled reductions in the inventories of the Environmental Control and Automotive Products Businesses, both of which have increased their inventories beyond required levels. In the first six months of 1995, the Chemical Business has incurred additional cost of \$6.0 million to continue installation of the DSN Plant. The Company anticipates incurring \$1.0 million in the third quarter to complete this project, which is expected to begin full production by September 1995. As previously noted, the Company expects to borrow an additional \$1.8 million during the third quarter related to the DSN Plant. During the first six months of 1995, the Chemical Business spent \$.5 million in connection with the Mixed Acid Plant. An additional \$.7 million is expected to be incurred on the Mixed Acid Plant in 1995.

Management believes that cash flows from operations, the Company's revolving credit facilities, and other sources will be adequate to meet its presently anticipated capital expenditure, working capital, debt service, and dividend requirements. The Company currently has no material commitment for capital expenditures, other than those related to Chemical Business' completion of an additional concentrated nitric acid plant, a mixed acid plant and the purchase of additional railcars as discussed above.

During the first six months of 1995, the Company declared and paid the following aggregate dividends: (1) \$12.00 per share on each of the outstanding shares of its Series B 12% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, which is the annual dividend on this series of preferred stock for 1995; (2) \$1.62 per share on each outstanding share of its \$3.25 Convertible Exchangeable Class C Preferred Stock, Series 2; (3) \$10.00 per share on each outstanding share of its Convertible Noncumulative Preferred Stock, which is the annual dividend on this series of preferred stock for 1995; and (4) \$.03 per share on its outstanding shares of Common Stock. The Company expects to continue the payment of an annual cash dividends on its common stock equal to \$.06 per share in the future in accordance with the policy adopted by the Board of Directors and the cash dividends on the Company's outstanding series of preferred stock pursuant to the terms of such preferred stocks.

In connection with an agreement to supply a foreign customer with equipment, technology and technical assistance ("Agreement") and a contract with a group of foreign lenders in connection with the Agreement, a subsidiary of the Company committed to purchase approximately \$6 million of bearing products from the foreign customer each year over the next five years, at predetermined prices, not in excess of market prices, subject to the customer's ability to deliver product to the Company's subsidiary meeting defined quality standards. The Company intends to finance the purchase of these bearing products from the foreign customer through working capital and by reducing its purchase of bearing products from other sources from whom the Company is presently purchasing such products. See Note 5 to Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Potential Business Acquisitions - During 1994 the Company, through a subsidiary, loaned \$2.1 million to a French manufacturer of HVAC equipment. Under the loan agreement, the Company has the option to exchange its rights under the loan for 80% of the borrower's outstanding common stock. The Company obtained a security interest in the stock of the French manufacturer to secure its \$2.1 million loan. At this time the decision has not been made to exercise such option and the \$2.1 million loan net of a \$650,000 impairment reserve is carried on the books as a note receivable in other assets.

During the second quarter of 1995, the Company executed a stock option agreement to acquire eighty percent (80%) of the stock of a specialty sales organization to enhance the marketing of the Company's air conditioning products. The stock option has a four (4) year term, and a total option granting price of \$1.0 million payable in installments including an option fee of \$.5 million paid upon signing of the option and annual \$100,000 payments for yearly extensions of the stock option thereafter for up to three (3) years. Upon exercise of the stock option by the Company, or upon the occurrence of certain performance criteria which would give the grantors of the stock option the right to accelerate the date on which the Company must elect whether to exercise, the Company shall pay certain cash and issue promissory notes for the balance of the exercise price of the subject shares. The total exercise price of the subject shares is \$4.0 million, less the amounts paid for the granting and any extensions of the stock option. The Company expects that it will eventually exercise the stock option, however, there are no assurances that such stock option will ultimately be exercised. The Company believes it will be able to finance the cash requirements associated with the stock option agreement from existing cash reserves and cashflow from Company operations in the event the Company elects to exercise its option under the stock option agreement.

A subsidiary of the Company invested approximately \$2.8 million to purchase a fifty percent (50%) equity interest in an energy conservation joint venture (the "Project"). The Project has been awarded a contract to retrofit residential housing units at a U.S. Army base. The contract calls for installation of energy-efficient equipment (including air conditioning and heating equipment), which will reduce utility consumption. For the installation and management, the Project will receive an average of seventy-seven percent(77%) of all energy and maintenance savings during the twenty (20) year contract term. The Project estimates that the cost to retrofit the residential housing units at the US Army base will be approximately \$17.9 million. The Project has received a loan from a lender to finance up to approximately \$14 million of the cost of the Project. The Company is not guaranteeing any of the lending obligations of the Project. The Company has guaranteed the bonding company's exposure under the payment and performance bonds on the Project, which is approximately \$17.9 million.

Availability of Company's Loss Carryovers - The Company anticipates that its cash flow in future years will benefit to some extent from its ability to use net operating loss ("NOL") carryovers from prior periods to reduce the federal income tax payments which it would otherwise be required to make with respect to income generated in such future years. As of June 30, 1995, the Company had available NOL carryovers of approximately \$40 million, based on its federal income tax returns as filed with the Internal Revenue Service for taxable years through 1993, and on the Company's estimates for 1994. These NOL carryovers will expire beginning in the year 1999.

The amount of these NOL carryovers has not been audited or approved by the Internal Revenue Service and, accordingly, no assurance can be given that such NOL carryovers will not be reduced as a result of audits in the future. In addition, the ability of the Company to utilize these NOL carryovers in the future will be subject to a variety of limitations applicable to corporate taxpayers generally under both the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations. These include, in particular, limitations imposed by Code Section 382 and the consolidated return regulations.

Financial Statements, the Company has several contingencies that could impact its liquidity in the event that the Company is unsuccessful in defending against the claimants. Although management does not anticipate that these claims will result in substantial adverse impacts on its liquidity, it is not possible to determine the outcome.

**ERNST & YOUNG** 

1700 Liberty Tower 100 North Broadway Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Phone: 405 278 6800 Fax: 405 278 6823

#### Independent Accountants' Review Report

Board of Directors LSB Industries, Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of LSB Industries, Inc. and subsidiaries as of June 30, 1995, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the six month and three month periods ended June 30, 1995 and 1994 and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flow for the six month periods ended June 30, 1995 and 1994. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data, and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, which will be performed for the full year with the objective of expressing an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the consolidated balance sheet of LSB Industries, Inc. as of December 31, 1994, and the related consolidated statements of income, non-redeemable preferred stock, common stock and other stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated March 21, 1995, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 1994, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

August 18, 1995

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG

#### PART II OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There are no additional material legal proceedings pending against the Company and/or its subsidiaries not previously reported by the Company in Item 3 of its Form 10-K for the fiscal period ended December 31, 1994, which Item 3 is incorporated by reference herein.

#### Settled Litigation

James McHugh Construction Co. v. Midwest Bank and Trust Company, et al., Case No. 88 CH 2449, Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois. In April, 1989, a Company subsidiary, International Environmental Corporation ("IEC"), was named as a third party defendant by Economy Mechanical Industries of Illinois, Inc. ("Economy") in connection with a project in Chicago, Illinois. Economy had purchased fan coil units for the project from IEC, and the units were built in accordance with Economy's specifications. The general contractor and a number of subcontractors (including Economy) filed mechanics liens against the property. The general contractor filed this action to foreclose on its

lien, and the owner asserted numerous claims against the general contractor and certain subcontractors (including Economy) in the total amount of \$20,610,599. One of the counterclaims made by the owner related to the fan coil system manufactured by IEC and Economy brought a third party action against IEC alleging that if the fan coil system was defective, such was the responsibility of IEC. IEC denied that the fan coils were defective and contended that any failures, if any, were caused by improper installation or other causes beyond IEC's control. IEC filed fourth party complaints against some of its suppliers. Economy amended its third party claim to assert claims against some of these same suppliers. This matter has been settled. The settlement required two of IEC's insurance carriers to pay \$841,500.00 to the building owner and \$275,000 to IEC for partial reimbursement of previously paid attorney fees and expenses. One of these insurance policies has a \$250,000 loss limit on IEC's responsibility plus retro-premiums, which amount will total approximately \$300,000. IEC's other insurance policy has no deductible or self-insured retention.

Item 2. Changes in Securities

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (A) Exhibits. The Company has included the following exhibits in this report:
  - 11.1 Statement Re: Computation of Per Share Earnings.
  - 15.1 Letter Re: Unaudited Interim Financial Information.
  - 27.1 Financial Data Schedule
- (B) Reports of Form 8-K. The Company did not file any reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended June 30, 1995.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Company has caused the undersigned, duly-authorized, to sign this report on its behalf on this 18th day of August, 1995.

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

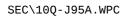
By: /s/ Tony M. Shelby

Tony M. Shelby,

Senior Vice President of Finance (Principal Financial Officer)

By: /s/ Jim D. Jones

Jim D. Jones Vice President, Controller and Treasurer (Principal Accounting Officer)



#### PRIMARY EARNINGS PER SHARE COMPUTATION

1995 quarter ended

	March 31	June 30
Shares for primary earnings per share:		
Weighted average shares: Common shares outstanding from		
beginning of period	13,060,566	13,045,912
Common shares issued on conversion	, ,	, ,
of redeemable preferred stock;		
calculated on weighted average basis	180	_
Common shares issued upon exercise	100	_
of employee or director stock		
options; calculated on weighted		00.000
average basis Purchases of treasury stock;	-	96,692
calculated on weighted average		
basis	(13,950)	(146,176)
	13,046,796	12,996,428
	13,040,790	12,990,420
Common Stock equivalents:		
Shares issuable upon exercise of options and warrants (including		
the weighted average for shares		
subject to options and warrants		
granted during the period)	823,140	817,448
Assumed repurchase of outstanding shares up to the 20% limitation		
(based on average market price for		
the period)	(317,680)	(393,498)
Common shares issuable on conversion		
of redeemable preferred stock, excluding shares included above		
on actual conversion	-	63,520
	 EOE 460	407 470
	505,460 	487,470 
	13,552,256 =======	13,483,898 =======
Earnings for primary earnings per share: Net earnings	\$ 1,448,092	\$ 1,502,431
Net earnings	Φ 1,440,092	\$ 1,302,431
Dividends on cumulative preferred stocks	(75,880)	(60,000)
Dividends on convertible, exchangeable	(742 427)	(742 427)
Class C preferred stock (6.5% annually)	(743,437)	(743,437)
Earnings applicable to common stock	\$ 628,775	\$ 698,994
	=======	=======
Earnings per share	\$ .05	\$ .05
	=====	====

Six months ended June 30, 1995

Net earnings applicable to common Stock	\$ 1,327,769
Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares (average of two quarters	========
above)	13,518,077 =======
Earnings per share	\$ .10
	====

#### LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

Exhibit 11.1 Page 3 of 6

#### PRIMARY EARNINGS PER SHARE COMPUTATION

#### 1994 quarter ended

	March 31	June 30
Shares for primary earnings per share: Weighted average shares: Common shares outstanding from beginning of period Common shares issued on conversion of redeemable preferred stock;	13,673,971	13,659,691
calculated on weighted average basis Common shares issued upon exercise of employee or director stock	360	-
options; calculated on weighted average basis Purchase of treasury stock; calculated on weighted	6,833	24,846
average basis	(20,000)	(29,176)
Common Stock equivalents: Shares issuable upon exercise of options and warrants (including the weighted average for shares	13,661,164	13,655,361
subject to options and warrants granted during the period) Assumed repurchase of outstanding shares up to the 20% limitation (based on average market price for	934,807	877,794
the period) Common shares issuable on conversion of redeemable preferred stock, excluding shares included above	(247,510)	(238,754)
on actual conversion	65,120	64,760
	752,417	703,800
	14,413,581 =======	14,359,161 =======
Earnings for primary earnings per share: Net earnings Dividends on cumulative preferred stocks Dividends on convertible, exchangeable Class C preferred stock (6.5% annually)	\$ 2,203,665 (76,145) (747,500)	\$27,254,968 (60,000) (747,500)
Earnings applicable to common stock	\$ 1,380,020	\$26,447,468
Earnings per share	======= \$.10 ====	======= \$1.84 =====

Six months

=====

#### PRIMARY EARNINGS PER SHARE COMPUTATION

	ended
	June 30, 1994
Net earnings applicable to common stock	\$27,827,488 ======
Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares (average of two quarters	
above)	14,386,371 =======
Earnings per share	\$1.93

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

Exhibit 11.1 Page 5 of 6

#### FULLY DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE COMPUTATION

1995	quarter	ended
21		Juno

	March 31	June 30
Shares for fully diluted earnings per share: Weighted average shares outstanding		
for primary earnings per share Shares issuable upon exercise of	13,046,796	12,996,428
options and warrants Assumed repurchase of outstanding shares up to the 20% limitation (based on ending market price for the quarter if greater than	823,140	817,448
the average) Common shares issuable on conversion of redeemable preferred stock, excluding shares included above on	(300,737)	(380,135)
actual conversion	-	63,520
Common shares issuable upon conversion of convertible note payable Common shares issuable upon conversion of convertible preferred stock, if dilutive, from date of issue:	4,000	4,000
Series B	-	-
Series 2	-	-
	13,573,199	13,501,261
	=======	========
Earnings for fully diluted earnings per share:		
Net earnings	\$ 1,448,092	\$ 1,502,431
<pre>Interest on convertible note Dividends on cumulative convertible   preferred stocks:</pre>	180	180
Series B	(75,880)	(60,000)
Series 2 Class C	(743, 437)	(743,437)
Earnings	\$ 628,955 =======	\$ 699,174 =======
Earning per share	\$ .05 ====	\$ .05 ====

Net earnings

Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares (average of two quarters above)

Earnings per share

13,537,230 ======= \$ .10 ======

#### LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

Exhibit 11.1 Page 6 of 6

#### FULLY DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE COMPUTATION

1994 quarter ended

	March 31	June 30
Shares for fully diluted earnings		
per share:		
Weighted average shares outstanding		
for primary earnings per share	13,661,164	13,655,361
Shares issuable upon exercise of	024 907	877,794
options and warrants Assumed repurchase of outstanding	934,807	011,194
shares up to the 20% limitation		
(based on ending market price for		
the quarter if greater than the	(0.17. 5.10)	(000 754)
average) Common shares issuable on conversion	(247,510)	(238,754)
of redeemable preferred stock,		
excluding shares included above		
on actual conversion	65,120	64,760
Common shares issuable upon conversion	4 000	4,000
of convertible note payable Common shares issuable upon conversion	4,000	4,000
of convertible preferred stock,		
if dilutive, from date of issue:		
Series B	666,666	666,666
Series 2		3,956,000
	15,084,247	18,985,827
	=======	========
Earnings for fully diluted		
earnings per share: Net earnings	\$ 2,203,665	\$27,254,968
Interest on convertible note	180	180
Dividends on cumulative preferred		
stocks	(747,500)	-
Earnings	\$ 1,456,345	\$27,255, <b>1</b> 48
Larnings	========	========
Earnings per share	\$.10	\$1.44
	====	====
		Six months ended
		June 30, 1994
Not earnings		\$28 711 <i>1</i> 02
Net earnings		\$28,711,493 ========
Weighted average number of common and com		
equivalent shares (average of two quart	ers	17 025 027
above)		17,035,037 =======
Earnings per share		\$1.69
		====

Exhibit 15.1

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

100 North Broadway Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Phone: 405 278 6800 Fax: 405 278 6823 Fax: 405 278 6834

August 18, 1995

The Board of Directors LSB Industries, Inc.

We are aware of the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 33-8302) and the Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 33-69800) of LSB Industries, Inc. and in the related Prospectus of our report dated August 18, 1995 relating to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of LSB Industries, Inc. which are included in its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1995.

Pursuant to Rule 436(c) of the Securities Act of 1933 our report is not a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by accountants within the meaning of Section 7 or 11 of the Securities Act of 1933.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

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6-MOS
      DEC-31-1995
          JUN-30-1995
1,940
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               1,924
                61,691
           142,737
63,171
241,730
53
           125,350
       52,953
                    98,211
                   1,475
          151
                48,000
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241,730
           144,160
145,863
                    111,130
              111,130
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             3,162
                211
          2,951
                  Θ
                 0
                 2,951
                 .10
                  .10
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